# PACSystems RX3i IC695CPU310

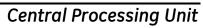
#### GFK-2329AC May 2011

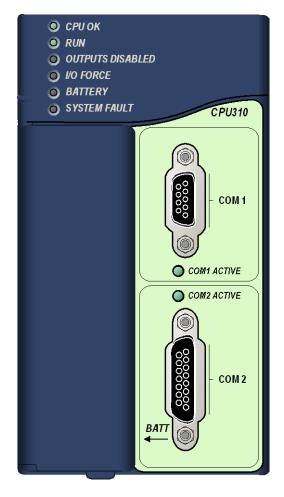
The PACSystems<sup>\*</sup> RX3i CPU can be used to perform real time control of machines, processes, and material handling systems. The CPU communicates with the programmer and HMI devices via a serial port using SNP Slave protocol. It communicates with I/O and Intelligent Option modules over a dual backplane bus that provides:

- High-speed, PCI backplane for fast throughput of new advanced I/O.
- Serial backplane for easy migration of existing Series 90-30 I/O.

### Features

- Contains 10 Mbytes of battery-backed user memory and 10 Mbytes of non-volatile flash user memory.
- Configurable data and program memory.
- Programming in Ladder Diagram, Structured Text, Function Block Diagram, and C.
- Supports auto-located Symbolic Variables that can use any amount of user memory.
- Reference table sizes include 32Kbits for discrete %I and %Q and up to 32Kwords each for analog %AI and %AQ.
- Supports most Series 90-30 modules and expansion racks. For a list of supported I/O, Communications, Motion, and Intelligent modules, see the PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation Manual, GFK-2314.
- Supports up to 512 program blocks. Maximum size for a block is 128KB.
- In-system upgradeable firmware.
- Two serial ports: RS-485 serial port and RS-232.
- Ethernet communications via the rack-based Ethernet Interface module (IC695ETM001). For details on Ethernet capabilities, refer to TCP/IP Ethernet Communications for PACSystems User's Manual, GFK-2224.
- Time synchronization to SNTP Time Server on Ethernet network when used with an Ethernet module with firmware release 5.0 or later.





# **Ordering Information**

Description	Catalog Number	
RX3i VME 300Mhz CPU	IC695CPU310	
Lithium Smart Battery	IC695ACC302	
Auxiliary Battery Module	IC693ACC302	
Smart Coin Cell Battery Pack	IC698ACC701	
Standard Power Supplies 120/240VAC, 125VDC, 40W 24VDC, 40W	IC695PSA040 IC695PSD040	
Multifunctional Power Supplies 120/240 VAC, 125 VDC, 40W 24 VDC, 40 Watt	IC695PSA140 IC695PSD140	
Rx3i 16 Slot Universal Backplane	IC695CHS016	
Rx3i 16 Slot Universal Backplane	IC695CHS016	
<b>Note:</b> For Conformal Coat option, please consult the factory for price and availability.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>\*</sup> indicates a trademark of GE Intelligent Platforms, Inc. and/or its affiliates. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## Specifications

Battery	RX3i CPU Lithium Smart Battery, IC695ACC302, Series 90-30 Lithium Battery Pack, IC693ACC302, or IC698ACC701 Smart Coin Cell Battery Pack
Program storage	Up to 10 Mbytes of battery-backed RAM
	10 Mbytes of non-volatile flash user memory
Power requirements	+3.3 VDC: 1.25 Amps nominal +5 VDC: 1.0 Amps nominal
Operating Temperature	0 to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)
Floating point	Yes
Boolean execution speed, typical	0.195ms per 1000 Boolean instructions
Time of Day Clock accuracy	Maximum drift of 2 seconds per day
Elapsed Time Clock (internal timing) accuracy	0.01% maximum
Embedded communications	RS-232, RS-485
Serial Protocols supported	Modbus RTU Slave, SNP, Serial I/O
Backplane	Dual backplane bus support: RX3i PCI and 90-30-style serial
PCI compatibility	System designed to be electrically compliant with PCI 2.2 standard
Program blocks	Up to 512 program blocks. Maximum size for a block is 128KB.
Memory	<i>%I and %Q:</i> 32Kbits for discrete <i>%AI and %AQ:</i> configurable up to 32Kwords <i>%W:</i> configurable up to the maximum available user RAM Symbolic: configurable up to 10 Mbytes
For environmental specifications and complianc PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation M	e to standards (for example, FCC or European Union Directives), refer to the anual, GFK-2314.

#### Important Installation Instructions for Battery

Do not connect the battery until the CPU is installed in the rack and the rack is powered on. The battery may then be attached to either of the two terminals in the battery compartment. Once that is done, the CPU may be powered down and normal battery back up operation will begin. To save battery life, do not connect the battery for the first time until the CPU is powered up.

#### Estimated Battery Life without Power Applied

The nominal backup values are estimated at 20°C (68°F). Backup time increases approximately 17% at 60°C and decreases approximately 32% at 0°C.

*Note:* When using the Smart Battery, the Battery Low indication can be detected only on the power up condition of the CPU either by the LED indication or the fault table.

#### RX3i CPU Lithium Smart Battery, IC695ACC302:

Battery Life in Good State	Battery Life in Low State	Total Battery Life
185 days	15 days	200 days

#### Smart Coin Cell Battery, IC698ACC701C and later:

Battery Life in Good State	Battery Life in Low State	Total Battery Life
18 days	15 days	33 days

Auxiliary Battery Module, IC693ACC302:

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200 days at 20°C (68°F)
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# **Release History**

Catalog Number	FW Version	Comments
IC695CPU310-GZ	6.71	Corrects the behavior of the Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests, SVC_REQ56 and SVC_REQ 57.
IC695CPU310-GY	6.70	Introduces support for new modules, enhancements to provide a more robust implementation of the Modbus RTU protocol, improved Run signal handling in the expansion rack and other improvements. Also resolves several problems found in earlier releases.
IC695CPU310-GX	6.01	Provides for OEM protection in flash-based systems that do not use a battery. For additional problems resolved, see GFK-2329AA.
IC695CPU310-GW	6.00	Adds User Defined Types, Variable Indexed Arrays, Logic Driven Write to Flash, and Backplane Operations Controller Enhancement features. See GFK-2329Z for details and problems resolved.
IC695CPU310-GV	5.70	Enables support that is functionally identical to the IC695CMX128 for the IC695RMX128.
IC695CPU310-FU	5.61	Corrects the problem described in GFK-2329X.
IC695CPU310-FU	5.60	Supports the IC695PMM335 PACMotion Multi-Axis Motion Controller and other new features, and corrects the problems listed in GFK-2329X.
IC695CPU310-FT	5.50	Introduced run-mode store of EGD and LREAL data type. See GFK-2329V for problems resolved.
IC695CPU310-FS	5.03	
IC695CPU310-ER	5.02	
IC695CPU310-EP	5.00	
IC695CPU310-EN	3.83	
IC695CPU310-EM	3.82	
IC695CPU310-EL	3.81	
IC695CPU310-DK	3.52	
IC695CPU310-DJ	3.51	
IC695CPU310-DH	3.50	
IC695CPU310-CG	3.12	
IC695CPU310-CF	3.11	
IC695CPU310-CD	3.00	
IC695CPU310-CC	2.90	
IC695CPU310-CB	2.80	
IC695CPU310-CB	2.51	
IC695CPU310-BB	2.51	
IC695CPU310-AA	2.50	Initial release.

## Important Product Information for this Release

Release 6.71 corrects the behavior of the Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests, SVC\_REQ56 and SVC\_REQ 57.For details, see "Problems Resolved in Release 6.71" on page 5.

#### Updates

IC695CPU310 can be field upgraded to firmware version 6.71 using the Winloader firmware upgrade utility and upgrade kit 44A752290-G26, which can be downloaded from <u>http://www.ge-ip.com/support</u>.

Subject	Description
Programmer Version Requirements	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 6.0 or later is required to use the release 6.00 features with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.9 SIM1 or later versions required to use the new Release 5.70 features with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.9 is required to use the new Release 5.60 features with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.8 is required to use the new Release 5.50 features with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.7 is required to use the new Release 5.0 features with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.5 with Service Pack 2 SIM 4 is required to use the new CMM serial modules with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.5 with Service Pack 1 is required to use the 8 ETM feature with the RX3i CPU.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.5 or later must be used to for new features in PACSystems 3.50 and later.
	Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer 5.0 or later must be used to configure and program the RX3i. Service Pack 3 is required to support the new features in PACSystems 3.00.
C Toolkit Compatibility	The C Toolkit for PACSystems is distributed with Proficy Machine Edition Logic Developer. Updates can be downloaded from <a href="http://www.ge-ip.com/support">http://www.ge-ip.com/support</a> .
	C Toolkit Release 5.00 Build 16C1 or later is required when the PACSystems CPU contains firmware Release 5.00 or later. C Toolkit release 5.50 or later is required for use with the LREAL data type.
	<b>Notes:</b> C blocks that were built using C Toolkit versions earlier than 5.00 Build 16C1 must be recompiled using a newer toolkit version for use with CPU firmware release 5.00 or higher.
	The Series 90 Toolkit (IC641SWP709/719) is not compatible with PACSystems.
Backplanes, power supplies and system modules	As listed in the PACSystems RX3i System Manual, GFK-2314C or later.
Series 90-30 Expansion Rack Compatibility	Series 90-30 expansion racks, both local and remote, are supported by the PACSystems RX3i.
	PACSystems RX3i CPU does not operate in a Series 90-30 Rack.
Series 90-30 Main Rack Compatibility	Series 90-30 Main Racks cannot be used in a PACSystems RX3i system.
	Series 90-30 CPUs do not operate in PACSystemsRX3i Racks.
Isolated 24V power	In applications that use the IC69xALG220/221/222, consult PACSystems RX3i Hardware and Installation Manual, GFK-2314 for details of wiring the 24V power.

#### **CPU Functional Compatibility**

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Subject	Description
COMMREQ to PBM300	In Release 3.0, the behavior of the COMMREQ fault output on a COMMREQ sent to the PROFIBUS master module IC695PBM300 was changed to be compatible with the Series 90-30 CPU366 PROFIBUS Master. Previously, the fault output was enabled when the module received a COMMREQ and it was busy. Now, the busy condition does not result in the fault output being enabled.
Recommended IC200ALG240 revision	When a VersaMax* system Genius* Network Interface Unit (IC200GBI001) interoperates with a Genius Bus Controller located in a PACSystems RX3i, and the VersaMax system contains an IC200ALG240 Analog Input Module, it is recommended to update the IC200ALG240 firmware to Revision 1.10 or later.
	However, it is preferable to update the IC200ALG240 firmware to Revision 1.20, which contains resolutions for all issues found after Revision 1.10.
	Upgrade kits are available at <u>http://www.ge-ip.com/support</u> . Use firmware update kit 44A752313-G01 to update the IC200ALG240 firmware to Revision 1.10, or upgrade kit 44A752313-G02 to update the IC200ALG240 firmware to Revision 1.20.

# Problems Resolved by Release 6.71

Subject	Description	
Problems with Logic Driven Read/Write of Flash	The SVC_REQ functions 56 and 57 had several problems that were caused by incorrect address and offset calculations. These problems caused a variety of symptoms, including:	
	<ul> <li>When SVC_REQ 57 was used to update a block of Word-type memory where at least 1 word value changed and at least 1 word value did not change, the data written to flash was incorrect.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Problems occurred with SVC_REQ 56 when the source memory type was byte-oriented and the destination was bit-oriented (or vice versa).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Reading flash using SVC_REQ 56 and writing to flash using SVC_REQ 57 with large offsets (e.g. %W32769) did not work with firmware versions prior to 6.71.</li> </ul>	
<i>Reference out of range</i> errors caused by bit-oriented functions inside a function block	The use of certain bit-oriented functions (MOVE_BOOL, SHFR_BIT, ARRAY_MOVE_BOOL) inside a function block was causing <i>Reference out of range</i> errors at runtime. The problem was caused by incorrect bounds testing for the parameters of the function.	
Clearing of fault tables could cause CPU to miss a module interrupt	When the programmer was clearing the I/O fault table, interrupts from a PMM module could be missed by the CPU. Interrupts are disabled during the clearing operation. Release 6.71 resolves this problem by minimizing the interval during which interrupts are disabled.	

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## Restrictions and Open Issues in this Release

Subject	Description
The Ethernet module fails to exchange EGD properly during power cycling.	Very rarely, after experiencing multiple rapid power cycles, the CPU may fail to establish communication with one or more modules in the backplane at power up. When this occurs, several pairs of "Loss of, or missing option module" and "Reset of option module" faults will be logged in the controller fault table.
	If the module is an ETM, an event 30H is recorded in its station manager event log.
	To recover from this issue, cycle power again.
Loss of power supplies after firmware update.	A Loss of Power Supplies after firmware update may occur. This does not happen with all firmware updates and will NOT occur if the system is power cycled after the firmware upgrade has completed. The faults displayed when this issue occurs are as follows:
	Loss of, or missing option module
	Error Code: 36 Group: 4 Action: 3:Fatal Task Num: 9
	Fault Extra Data: 01 58 02 4f 80 08 0a 07 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Battery installation.	When installing a new battery, if there currently is no battery installed, the battery must be installed while the CPU has power. Failing to follow this procedure could result in the CPU not powering up.
	If a battery is installed while power is off (and there was no battery previously installed), and the CPU fails to power up, remove the battery, power cycle the CPU and then install the battery.
Hot swapping some analog modules slowly may result in modules not being recognized.	Occasionally during a hot insertion (hot swap) of RX3i Non-Isolated Analog Input Modules, input channels may take up to 2 seconds to reflect actual input values after the module OK bit is enabled in the module status word. This has only been seen when the hot insertion has been done slowly (i.e. approximately 1.5 seconds to insert the module).
Ethernet disconnect during Word-for-Word change.	If the Ethernet connection is broken during a word-for-word change, the programmer may not allow a subsequent word-for-word change after reconnecting due to the fact that it thinks another programmer is currently attached. If this occurs, you should go offline and then back online again.
Simultaneous clears, loads and stores not supported.	PACSystems CPUs do not support multiple programmers changing CPU contents at the same time. The programming software may generate an error during the operation. Simultaneous loads from a single CPU are allowed.
Hardware configuration Not Equal after changing target name.	If you store a hardware configuration to flash that sets Logic/Config Power up Source to Always Flash or Conditional Flash and then change the name of the target in the programming software, the hardware configuration will go Not Equal and will not verify as equal.
Controller and IO Fault Tables may need to be cleared twice to clear faulted state.	Both Controller and IO fault tables may need to be cleared to take the CPU out of Stop/Fault mode. If one of the tables contains a recurring fault, the order in which the tables are cleared may be significant. If the CPU is still in Stop/Fault mode after both tables are cleared, try clearing the fault tables again.
Setting Force On/Off by storing initial value.	Once a force on or force off has been stored to the controller, you cannot switch from force on to force off or vice-versa by downloading initial values. To turn the force on or off, download the project.
Number of active programs returned as zero.	The SNP request Return Controller Type and ID currently returns the number of active programs as zero.

Subject	Description
Serial I/O fails at 115K during heavy interrupt load.	Rare data corruption errors have been seen on serial communications when running at 115K under heavy interrupt load on the controller. Under heavy load applications, users should restrict serial communications to 57K or lower.
SNP ID not always provided.	Unlike the Series 90-30, the RX3i CPU's SNP ID does not appear in the Machine Edition programmer Show Status display. Service Request 11 will always return zeros.
Second programmer can change logic while in Test & Edit mode.	While currently active in a Test and Edit session using Machine Edition on one PC, Machine Edition running on another PC is not prevented from storing new logic to the controller.
Must have logic if powering up from flash.	If the application will configure the CPU to retrieve the contents of flash memory at power-up, be sure to include logic along with hardware configuration when saving to flash memory.
CPU may not detect low-battery condition.	An IC <b>693</b> ACC302 or IC698ACC701 (version B or earlier) battery with very low capacity may still have a terminal voltage high enough to report that it is a good battery. In this case, when the battery starts supplying the memory power (battery backup), the battery voltage quickly drops to unacceptable levels, with little warning to the user before failure.
	To insure against data loss, users should replace batteries in accordance with the guidelines provided in the <i>PACSystems CPU Reference Manual</i> , GFK-2222. Additionally, users could save logic and hardware configuration to flash.
Two Loss of Module faults for Universal Analog module.	Occasionally, the hot removal of the Universal Analog Input Module (IC695ALG600) results in two Loss of I/O Module faults instead of one.
Power up of Series 90-30 HSC module may take as long as 20 seconds.	As power is applied to a 90-30 High-Speed Counter, the Module Ready bit in the status bits returned each sweep from the module may not be set for as long as 20 seconds after the first controller sweep, even though there is no Loss of Module indication. I/O data exchanged with the module is not meaningful until this bit is set by the module. See pages 4-3 to 4-5 of the <i>Series 90-30 High Speed Counter User's Manua</i> l, GFK-0293C.
Informational fault at power up.	Intermittently during power-up, an Informational non-critical CPU software fault may be generated with fault extra data of 01 91 01 D6. This fault will have no effect on the normal operation of the controller. But, if the hardware watchdog timer expires after this fault and before power has been cycled again, then the outputs of I/O modules may hold their last state, rather than defaulting to zero.
Extended memory types for IO triggers.	%R, %W and %M cannot be used as IO triggers.
Possible Machine Edition inability to connect.	Infrequently, an attempt to connect a programmer to a controller via Ethernet will be unsuccessful. The normal connection retry dialog will not be displayed. Rebooting the computer that is running the programmer will resolve the behavior.
SNP Update Datagram message.	If an Update Datagram message requests 6 or less bits or bytes of data, the controller will return a Completion Ack message without Text Buffer. The protocol specifies that the returned data will be in the Completion Ack message, but it may not be.
GBC30 may not resume operation after power cycle.	In rare instances, a GBC30 in an expansion rack may not resume normal operation after a power cycle of either the expansion rack or the main rack.
Configuration of third-party modules.	To restore GBC operation, power cycle the rack again. Do not specify a length of 0 in the configuration of a third-party module. The module will not work properly in the system.

Subject	Description
Power supply status after CPU firmware update.	The controller will report a Loss of or Missing Option Module fault for the IC695PSD140 RX3i power supply following an update of CPU firmware. Also, the slot will appear empty in the programmer's online status detail view. The power supply continues to operate normally. Power cycle to restore normal status reporting.
Power supply status after power cycling.	Rarely, turning a power supply on or off may not result in an Add or Loss fault. Also, the slot will appear empty in the programmer's online status detail view. The power supply continues to operate normally. Power cycle to restore normal status reporting.
Don't use multiple targets.	In a system in which the hardware configuration is stored from one target and logic is stored from a different target, powering-up from flash will not work. The observed behavior is that, following a power up from flash, Machine Edition reports hardware configuration and logic Not Equal.
Missing Loss of Terminal Block fault.	The IC695ALG600/608/616 analog input modules do not produce a Loss of Terminal Block fault when hardware configuration is stored or the module is hot-inserted, and the terminal block is not locked into place.
Sequence Store failure error.	When downloading projects with very large hardware configurations or which use large amounts of user memory, it is possible to encounter a controller Sequence Store Failure error when writing the project to flash. To work around this error, either or both of the following actions may be helpful:
	<ol> <li>Perform an explicit clear of flash prior to performing the write.</li> <li>Increase the operation timeout used by Machine Edition prior to performing the write. This is done by expanding the Additional Configuration in the Inspector window for the target controller, and adjusting the Request Timeout. The timeout may need to be increased to as much as 60,000 msec, depending on the amount of memory used and the condition of the flash memory.</li> </ol>
IC694MDL754: Must configure module status bits.	Always configure 16 bits of module status when using this module. Configuring 0 bits of module status will result in invalid data in the module's ESCP status bits.
IC695ALG600 Lead Resistance Compensation setting.	A configuration store operation will fail if a channel is configured for 3- wire RTD and Lead Resistance Compensation is set to Disabled. A Loss of Module fault will be logged in the I/O Fault table at the end of the store operation.
	To recover the lost module, the configuration must be changed to enable Lead Resistance Compensation and module must be power cycled.
C Toolkit PlcMemCopy documentation incorrect.	This routine does allow the destination and source pointers to be outside of reference memory. If the destination points to discrete reference memory, overrides and transitions will be honored. Note that the header for PlcMemCopy has been updated in Release 3.50 of the C toolkit.
WinLoader may stop operating.	On computers running Windows 2000 and using some versions of Symantec Antivirus protection, WinLoader will lock up if used in advanced mode. Recovery requires cycling the computer's power.
Logic and HWC not equal after power cycle.	If the Hardware Configuration from Target 1, with Logic/Configuration Power-up Source and Data Source both set to Always from Flash, is stored in Flash, then Logic and Hardware Config from Target 2, with Logic/Configuration Power-up Source both set to Always from RAM, are stored to RAM and there is a good battery, then when power is cycled the programmer may show that Logic and Hardware Config are not equal.
	The remedy is to clear Flash and re-store the Logic and Hardware Config from Target 2.

Subject	Description
WinLoader does not detect PC COM port in use when upgrading PACSystems CPU.	WinLoader does not detect if a PC's COM port is in use when attempting to connect to a PACSystems CPU to perform a firmware upgrade. If the port is already in use it displays the status "trying to connect" followed by "waiting for target." To proceed with the upgrade, press the "abort" button and disconnect the other application that is using the COM port.
WinLoader does not display error when it can't connect serially with PACS CPU.	WinLoader does not display an error message if it cannot connect to the PACS CPU when attempting to connect to a PACSystems CPU to perform a firmware upgrade. This occurs if the cable is physically not connected to the CPU or if the CPU's serial port is not configured for the same baud as WinLoader. In this case Winloader displays the status "trying to connect" followed by "waiting for target." To proceed with the upgrade, press the "abort" button and correct the cable or baud rate setting.

# **Operating Notes**

Subject	Description
Multiple calls to SVC_REQ 57 in a single sweep may cause CPU watchdog timeouts	Multiple calls to SVC_REQ 57 (Logic Driven Write to Nonvolatile Storage) could result in the CPU tripping the watchdog timer and going to STOP-HALT mode. The number of calls to SVC_REQ 57 that can be made requires consideration of many variables, what the software watchdog timeout value is, how much data is being written, how long the sweep is, age of nonvolatile storage (flash), etc. If the application attempts to write to flash too frequently, the CPU could experience a watchdog timeout while waiting for a preceding write operation to complete. The Logic Driven Read/Write to Flash service requests are not intended for high frequency use. GE Intelligent Platforms recommends limiting the number of calls to SVC_REQ 57 to one call per sweep to avoid the potential of for causing a watchdog timeout and the resulting transition to Stop-Halt.
Error response 1 is no longer returned for Modbus RTU requests with invalid or undefined function codes.	Prior to release 6.70 for the RX3i, the Modbus RTU slave protocol would return an Invalid Function Code error response (1) upon receipt of a request with an invalid or undefined function code. Starting with release 6.70, the Modbus RTU slave ignores requests with an invalid or undefined function code, and no response is sent.
RUN LED is not illuminated on the Series 90-30 power supply for an RX3i remote/expansion rack with input modules only (releases earlier than 6.70).	For firmware version 6.70 and later, the RUN LED for a remote/expansion rack reflects the current IO enable/disable state (even when there are no output modules in the expansion rack). The RUN LED for a remote/expansion rack with only input modules works as follows for all versions prior to version 6.70:
	When a remote or expansion baseplate is used with the RX3i, the RUN LED on the Series 90-30 power supply for that baseplate is illuminated when the system is in Run mode only if the rack contains at least one output module. If the rack contains input modules only, the RUN LED is not illuminated. This is due to the way input modules are managed in the PACSystems design and does not indicate an error.

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Subject	Description
Undefined symbols in C blocks	In Release 5.00 or later, if an attempt is made to download a C block containing undefined symbols, the download will fail. Machine Edition will display the following message in the Feedback Zone: Error 8097: Controller Error – Controller aborted the request [0x05][0xFF] Prior to Release 5.00, C blocks containing undefined symbols could be successfully downloaded, but if they were executed the CPU would transition to Stop/Halt mode.
	For details, see "C Toolkit Compatibility" on page 4.
Length of serial I/O buffer	(Release 5.0 or later) The "Set Up Input Buffer Function" always allocates a buffer containing 2049 bytes. This is one byte more than previous PACSystems releases.
Important installation instructions for battery	A battery is shipped with the CPU unit behind the battery door on the faceplate but it is not connected. Do not connect the battery until the CPU is installed in the rack and the rack powered on. The battery may then be attached to either of the two terminals in the battery compartment. Once that is done, the CPU may be powered down and normal battery back up operation will begin. To save battery life, do not connect the battery for the first time until the CPU is powered up.
Changing IP address of Ethernet interface while connected	Storing a hardware configuration with a new IP address to the RX3i while connected via Ethernet will succeed, then immediately disconnect because the RX3i is now using a different IP address than the Programmer. You must enter a new IP address in the Target Properties in the Machine Edition Inspector window before reconnecting.
Duplicate station address for Modbus will conflict with other nodes	The default serial protocol for the RX3i is Modbus RTU. The default Station Address is 1. If the RX3i is added to a multi-drop network, care must be taken that the RX3i is configured with a unique Station Address. Nodes with duplicate Station Addresses on the same network will not work correctly.
Timer operation	Care should be taken when timers (ONDTR, TMR, and OFDTR) are used in program blocks that are NOT called every sweep. The timers accumulate time across calls to the sub-block unless they are reset. This means that they function like timers operating in a program with a much slower sweep than the timers in the main program block. For program blocks that are inactive for large periods of time, the timers should be programmed in such a manner as to account for this catch up feature. Related to this are timers that are skipped because of the use of the JUMP instruction. Timers that are skipped will NOT catch up and will therefore not accumulate time in the same manner as if they were executed every sweep.
Constant sweep	Constant Sweep time, when used, should be set at least 10 milliseconds greater than the normal sweep time to avoid any over-sweep conditions when monitoring or performing on-line changes with the programmer. Window completion faults will occur if the constant sweep setting is not high enough.
Large number of COMMREQs sent to module in one sweep causes faults	A large number of COMMREQs (typically greater than 8) sent to a given board in the same sweep may cause Module Software faults to be logged in the RX3i fault table. The fault group is MOD_OTHR_SOFTWR (16t, 10h) and the error code is COMMREQ_MB_FULL_START (2). When this occurs, the "FT" output of the function block will also be set. To prevent this situation, COMMREQs issued to a given board should be spread across multiple sweeps so that only a limited number (typically 8 or less) of COMMREQs are sent to a given board in each sweep. In addition, the FT output parameter should be checked for errors. If the FT output is set (meaning an error has been detected), the COMM_REQ could be re-issued by the application logic.
C Block standard math functions do not set errno	In C Blocks, standard math functions (e.g. sqrt, pow, asin, acos) do not set errno to the correct value and do not return the correct value if an invalid input is provided.

Subject	Description
Upgrading firmware	<ul> <li>Upgrading the CPU firmware with the WinLoader utility may fail when multiple IO modules are in the main rack, due to the time it takes to power cycle the rack system. If the upgrade process fails, move the CPU to a rack without IO modules and restart the upgrade process.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Winloader initial connect baud rate is fixed at 19200 baud. Note that the firmware download will occur at 115.2K baud by default.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note that if you have Hyperterm open on a port, and then try to use Winloader on the same port, Winloader will often say "Waiting for Target" until the hyperterm session is closed.</li> </ul>
Hot swap	Hot Swap of power supplies or CPUs is not supported.
Serial port configuration COMMREQs	With the following combination of circumstances, it is possible to render serial communications with the CPU impossible:
	<ul> <li>User configuration disables the Run/Stop switch</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>User configures the power up mode to Run or Last</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Logic is stored in FLASH and user configures CPU to load from FLASH on power up</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>User application issues COMMREQs that set the protocol on both of the serial ports to something that does not permit communications to the Machine Edition programmer.</li> </ul>
Incorrect COMMREQ status for invalid program name	The program name for PACSystems is always "LDPROG1". When another program name is used in a COMM_REQ accessing %L memory, an Invalid Block Name (05D5) error is generated.
FANUC I/O Master and Slave operation	Scan sets on the master do not work properly for the first operation of the scan set after entering RUN mode. They do work properly for subsequent scans.
	After downloading a new hardware configuration and logic, a power cycle may be required to resume FANUC I/O operation.
	Use controllers of similar performance in FANUC I/O networks. If a master or slave is located in an RX3i system, the other controllers should be RX3i or Series 90-30 CPU374.
	Repeated power up/down cycles of an expansion rack containing FANUC I/O slaves may result in failure of the slaves' operation, with the RDY LED off.
Lost count at power up for Serial IO Processor	The serial IO Processor (IC693APU305) will lose the first count after every power up or every time the module receives a configuration.
COMMREQ status words declared in bit memory types must be byte-aligned.	In previous releases, the CPU allowed configuration of COMMREQ Status Words in bit memory types on a non-byte-aligned boundary. Even though the given reference was not byte-aligned, the firmware would adjust it the next-lowest byte boundary before updating status bits, overwriting the bits between the alignment boundary and specified location. To ensure that the application operates as expected, release 3.50 requires configuration of COMMREQ Status Words in bit memory types to be byte-aligned. For example if the user specified status bit location of %I3, the CPU aligns the status bit location at %I1. Release 3.50 firmware requires the user to specify the appropriate aligned address (%I1) to ensure that the utilized location is appropriate for their application. Note that the actual reference location utilized is not changed, but now is explicitly stated for the user.

GFK-2329AC

Subject	Description
STOP and RUN mode transition priority	The PACSystems CPU receives requests to change between stop and run mode from many different sources. These include (but are not limited to) Proficy Machine Edition, HMIs, the user application, and the RUN/STOP switch. Since there are many potential sources for a mode change request, it is possible to receive a new mode change request while another is already in progress. When this occurs, the CPU evaluates the priority of the new mode change request with the mode change that is in progress. If the new mode change request has an equal or higher priority than the one already in progress, the CPU transitions to the new mode instead of the one in progress. If, however, the new mode change request has a lower priority than the one in progress, the new mode request is discarded and the CPU completes the mode change that is in progress. The sweep mode priorities are (listed from highest to lowest priority): STOP HALT, STOP FAULT, STOP, and RUN. (Note: The IO ENABLED/DISABLED state is not part of the mode priority evaluation.) For example, a CPU is in RUN IO ENABLED mode and a Service Request 13 function block is executed to place the CPU into STOP IO DISABLED mode. Before the transition to STOP IO DISABLED is completed, the RUN/STOP switch is changed from RUN IO ENABLED to RUN IO DISABLED. In this case, the CPU ignores the new request from the RUN/STOP switch to go to RUN IO DISABLED mode because it is already processing a request to go to STOP IO DISABLED mode and STOP mode has a higher priority than RUN mode.
Suspend IO function block does not suspend EGD	In a Series 90-70 the SUSPEND_IO function block suspends EGD in addition to IO Scan. In PACSystems controllers the SUSPEND IO suspends only the IO Scan.

## Installation in Hazardous Locations

#### The following information is for products bearing the UL marking for Hazardous Locations:

- WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR CLASS I, DIVISION 2;
- WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD WHEN IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS, TURN OFF POWER BEFORE REPLACING OR WIRING MODULES; AND
- WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD DO NOT CONNECT OR DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN SWITCHED OFF OR THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE NONHAZARDOUS.
- EQUIPMENT LABELED WITH REFERENCE TO CLASS I, GROUPS A, B, C & D, DIV. 2 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS IS SUITABLE FOR USE IN CLASS I, DIVISION 2, GROUPS A, B, C, D OR NON-HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS ONLY
- The tightening torque range for the control terminals is 9.6-11.5 in. lb. Use only wire rated for 90°C. Be sure to observe any additional ratings that are provided with the modules.
- Batteries: Replace Battery with Matsushita Part No. BR2477A Only. Use of another battery may present a risk of fire or explosion." "Caution, Battery may explode if mistreated. DO NOT recharge, disassemble or dispose of in fire." The correct battery type is available as Accessory Kit IC698ACC701.